Lesson 6

Simultaneous Equations : GCSE

6.1 Exam Bits

This is a collection of examination questions that involve the five topics we've been looking at. Often a question is testing just one of the five.

- Expanding brackets, FOIL
- Gathering together like terms
- Rearranging equations into the form f(x) = 0
- Factorising quadratics
- Solving quadratic equations

6.2 Exercise

Question 1 *GCSE, May 2008, paper 4H, Q1* (**a**) Solve

$$6x + 13 = 2x + 7$$

[3 marks]

(**b**) Solve

$$\frac{y}{5} - 2 = 4$$

[2 marks]

Question 2

GCSE, November 2006, paper 3H, Q7 Solve the inequality

9x - 2 < 5x + 4

Question 3 GCSE, June 2010, paper 4H, Q4				
(a)	Multiply out			
		5(n + 6)		
(b)	Simplify	$y \times y \times y \times y \times y \times y$	[1 marks]	
(c)	Solve	4(x-2) = 3	[1 marks]	

[3 marks]

Question 4GCSE, May 2007, paper 3H, Q6(a)Expand and simplify

3(4x-5) - 4(2x+1)

[2 marks]

(**b**) Expand and simplify

(y + 8) (y + 3)

[2 marks]

(c) Expand

 $p(5p^2+4)$

Question 5 GCSE, May 2007, paper 3H, Q9 (**a**) Solve

$$5x - 4 = 2x + 7$$

(**b**) Solve

$$\frac{7 - 2y}{4} = 2y + 3$$

[4 marks]

Question 6

GCSE, November 2010, paper 4H, Q20 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = x^2$$
$$y = 7x - 10$$

Question 7 *GCSE, June 2010, paper 4H, Q1* Solve

$$6y - 9 = 3y + 7$$

[3 marks]

Question 8

GCSE, June 2010, paper 4H, Q13(a) Solve

$$x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

[3 marks]

Question 9

GCSE, November 2010, paper 3H, Q13(a) Factorise

 $x^2 - 8x + 15$

[2 marks]

Question 10 *GCSE, June 2009, paper 4H, Q16* (**a**) Factorise

$$2x^2 - x - 3$$

[2 marks]

(**b**) Hence write down the solutions of

 $2x^2 - x - 3 = 0$

[1 mark]

GCSE, November 2009, paper 3H, Q2 Solve

$$8y - 9 = 5y + 3$$

[3 marks]

Question 12

GCSE, *November* 2009, *paper* 3H, Q9 (**a**) Expand and simplify fully

$$2(w-3) + 3(w+5)$$

[2 marks]

(**b**) Solve the equation

$$\frac{x+5}{3} = 9$$

[2 marks]

(c) Solve the inequality

$$5y + 7 < 13$$

[2 marks]

Question 13 *GCSE, November 2009, paper 4H, Q12(a)* Expand and simplify

$$(p + 7) (p - 4)$$

GCSE, November 2009, paper 4H, Q2 (**a**) Factorise

$$n^2 - 4n$$

(**b**) Solve

8 - 5x = 2

[3 marks]

[2 marks]

Question 15 GCSE, May 2009, paper 3H, Q5 (**a**) Factorise

 $p^2 + 7p$

(**b**) Solve 4 - 5x = 2

(c) Simplify

 $t^3 \times t^6$

[1 mark]

[3 marks]

(d)	Expand and simplify		
	3(4y+5) - 5(2y+3)		

[2 marks]

GCSE, November 2008, paper 4H, Q17(a) Factorise

$$2x^2 + 5x + 3$$

[2 marks]

Question 17 GCSE, November 2008, paper 4H, Q6 (a) Multiply out

$$5(x-2)$$

[2 marks]

(**b**) Solve the equation

$$\frac{x}{4} + 3 = 10$$

[2 marks]

(c) Solve the inequality

5x - 6 > 2

[2 marks]

Question 18

GCSE, November 2008, paper 4H, Q6 Solve

5(x-4) = 35

GCSE, November 2007, paper 4H, Q2 (a) Factorise

5x - 20

(b) Factorise

 $y^2 + 6y$

[2 marks]

[1 mark]

Question 20 GCSE, May 2006, paper 3H, Q13(a) Expand and simplify

$$(3x - 5)(4x + 7)$$

[2 marks]

Question 21 GCSE, May 2006, paper 4H, Q2 Factorise (a)

 $3x^2 - 2x$

[1 mark]

(b) Expand

$$y^3(y-4)$$

[2 marks]

(c) Here is a formula used in physics

> v = u + atFind the value of t when v = 30, u = 5 and a = 10

$$(x - 5)(4x + 7)$$

 Question 22

 GCSE, May 2006, paper 4H, Q8

 (a)
 Solve

$$3(x+4) = 27$$

[3 marks]

(**b**) Solve

 $y^2 - 2y - 120 = 0$

[3 marks]

Question 23 GCSE, May 2006, paper 4H, Q12(a) Factorise

 $3x^2 - 13x + 4$

GCSE, May 2006, paper 4H, Q17

Solve the simultaneous equations;

$$y = 2x + 1$$
$$x^2 + y^2 = 13$$

[6 marks }

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