#### 6.4 Homework

Any solution based entirely on graphical or numerical methods is not acceptable Marks Available : 32

#### **Question 1**

*A-Level Paper 1 Examination question from June 2018, Q8* The depth of water, *D* metres, in a harbour on a particular day is modelled by

 $D = 5 + 2 \sin (30t)^{\circ}$   $0 \le t \le 24$ 

where *t* is the number of hours after midnight.

A boat enters the harbour at 6.30 am and it takes 2 hours to load its cargo. The boat requires the depth of water to be at least 3.8 metres before it can leave the harbour.

(**a**) Find the depth of the water in the harbour when the boat enters the harbour.

[ 1 mark ]

(**b**) Find, to the nearest minute, the earliest time the boat can leave the harbour.

*A-Level Paper 2 Examination question from June 2018, Q12 (a) edited* Prove that

$$1 - \cos 2\theta \equiv \tan \theta \sin 2\theta$$
  $\theta \neq \frac{(2n+1) \ 180^{\circ}}{2}, \ n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

[ 3 marks ]

A-Level C3 Examination question from June 2017, Q9(a) Prove that

 $sin 2x - tan x \equiv tan x cos 2x$   $x \neq (2n + 1)90^{\circ}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

[4 marks]

(**b**) Given that  $x \neq 90^{\circ}$  and  $x \neq 270^{\circ}$  solve for  $0 \le x < 360^{\circ}$ 

sin 2x - tan x = 3 tan x sin x

Give your answers in degrees to one decimal place where appropriate

A-Level Paper 1 Examination question from June 2019, Q6 (a) Solve, for  $-180^{\circ} \le \theta \le 180^{\circ}$ , the equation

$$5 \sin 2\theta = 9 \tan \theta$$

giving your answers, where necessary, to one decimal place.

[6 marks]

(**b**) Deduce the smallest positive solution to the equation  $5 \sin(2x - 50^\circ) = 9 \tan(x - 25^\circ)$ 

[ 2 marks ]

A-Level Paper 2 Examination question from June 2019, Q12

(a) Prove, 
$$\frac{\cos 3\theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{\sin 3\theta}{\cos \theta} \equiv 2 \cot 2\theta$$
  $\theta \neq (90n)^{\circ}, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ 

[4 marks]

(**b**) Hence solve, for 
$$90^{\circ} < \theta < 180^{\circ}$$
, the equation

$$\frac{\cos 3\theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{\sin 3\theta}{\cos \theta} = 4$$

giving any solutions to one decimal place

[ 3 marks ]

All examination questions are © Pearson Education Ltd and have appeared in the Edexcel GCE (A level) Pure Mathematics examination papers

This document is Licensed for use by staff and students at **Shrewsbury School, England** To obtain a Licence please visit www.NumberIsAll.com © 2020 Number Is All