

## Lesson 6

## A-Level Pure Mathematics, Year 2 Functions II

### 6.1 Composite Functions

The topic of Composite Functions is covered at GCSE.

At that level, the emphasis is on numerical problems, with the algebraic treatment kept simple and straightforward. For A Level, the emphasis is on the algebra along with concern about domains and ranges.

Keep in mind that  $fg(x)$  means *eff the already gee'd x*

### 6.2 Example

Let  $s$  and  $t$  be the functions

$$s(x) = (x + 1)^2 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$t(x) = x - 2 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

(a) Determine each of the following,

(i)  $st(8)$

(ii)  $ts(8)$

(iii)  $ts(x)$

(iv)  $st(x)$

[ 4 marks ]

(b) Find the unique value of  $x$  such that

$$ts(x) = st(x)$$

[ 2 marks ]

Notice that, in general,  $st(x) \neq ts(x)$

### 6.3 Exercise

*Any solution based entirely on graphical  
or numerical methods is not acceptable*

Marks Available: 60

#### Question 1

Given that,  $f(x) = 3x + 2$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $g(x) = 5x - 4$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

Find an expression for  $gf(x)$  that does not contain any brackets.

[ 2 marks ]

#### Question 2

Given that,  $f(x) = 7x - 5$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $g(x) = 10 - x$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

Find an expression for  $fg(x)$  that does not contain any brackets.

[ 2 marks ]

#### Question 3

Given that,  $f(x) = x^2 + x$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $g(x) = x + 3$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

( i ) Find an expression for  $fg(x)$  that does not contain any brackets.

[ 2 marks ]

( ii ) Find the two values of  $x$  such that,  $fg(x) = 0$

[ 2 marks ]

**Question 4**

Given that,  $f(x) = 4x - 1$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 1$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$

Determine the following, giving answers free of any brackets;

( i )  $f(3)$

( ii )  $g(4)$

( iii )  $fg(1)$

( iv )  $gf(2)$

( v )  $fg(x)$

( vi ) State the range of your part (v) composite function

[ 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 1 marks]

**Question 5**

$$f(x) = \frac{12}{x+5} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq -5$$

$$g(x) = 6x - 5 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

Find a simplified expression for  $fg(x)$  that does not contain any brackets.

[ 2 marks ]

**Question 6**

$$s(x) = x^2 + x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$t(x) = x - 2, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

(a) Determine;

(i)  $s(5)$

(ii)  $sss(1)$

(iii)  $ttt(1)$

(iv)  $ts(10)$

(v)  $st(3)$

(vi)  $ts(-1)$

[ 3 marks ]

(b) Determine  $st(x)$  writing your answer without any brackets.

[ 2 marks ]

(c) Find the two values of  $x$  for which  $st(x) = 0$

[ 2 marks ]

**Question 7**

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + 3 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, x \geq 0$$

$$g(x) = x + 2 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

(i) Find  $fg(x)$

[ 2 marks ]

(ii) State the domain of  $fg(x)$  given that it should be as large as possible

[ 1 mark ]

(iii) State the corresponding range of  $fg(x)$

[ 1 mark ]

**Question 8**

$$f(x) = x^2 - 1 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

Solve the equation,

$$ff(x) = 0$$

[ 4 marks ]

**Question 9**

$$f(x) = x^2 + 8 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$g(x) = 2x - 5 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

Solve the equation

$$fg(x) = gf(x)$$

giving your solutions as exact surds.

**[ 5 marks ]**

**Question 10**

Let two functions,  $m$  and  $n$ , be;

$$m(x) = 10x - 9, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad x \geq 0.9$$

$$n(x) = 100 - \sqrt{x} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 9820.81$$

Determine each of the following, giving bracket free answers;

( i )  $n(64)$

( ii )  $m(3)$

( iii )  $mn(9)$

( iv )  $nm(9)$

( v )  $mn(x)$

( vi )  $nm(x)$

[ 8 marks ]

( vii ) Function  $m$  is only defined on domain  $x \geq 0.9$

To see why, calculate  $m(0)$  then  $nm(0)$

[ 2 marks ]

( viii ) Having had to restrict the domain of  $m$  so that  $nm$  exists, the domain of  $n$  has to then also be restricted so that its output can be fed into  $m$ . Calculate,  $n(9820.8)$  and explain why any input greater than the 9820.81 would cause a problem.

[ 2 marks ]

**Observation :**  $fg$ , can be formed only if the range of  $g$  is a subset of the domain of  $f$ .

**Question 11**

Let  $m$  and  $n$  be the functions;

$$m(x) = 9x - 5 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$n(x) = \sqrt{x - 7} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, x \geq 7,$$

Evaluate each of the following;

(i)  $mn(8)$

(ii)  $mn(56)$

(iii)  $mn(z^2 + 7)$

(iv)  $mn(4z^2 + 7)$

[ 8 marks ]

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