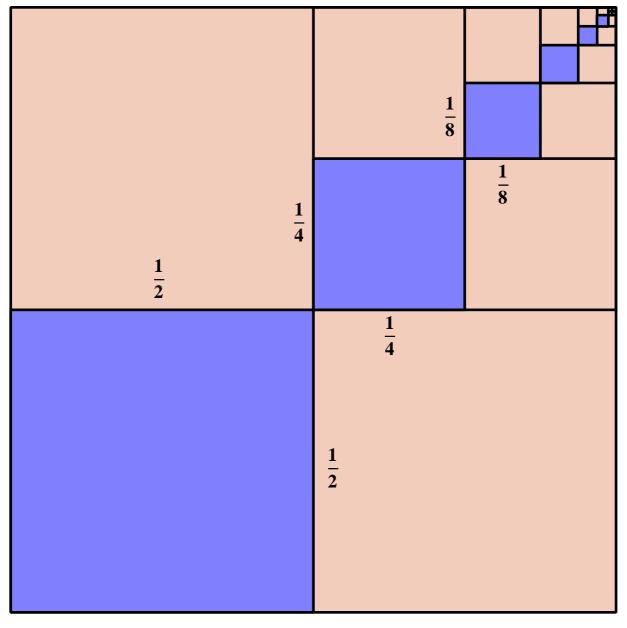


# GEOMETRIC Progression S

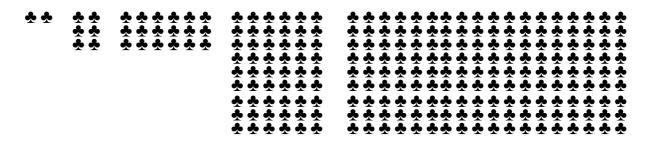


$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{64} + \frac{1}{256} + \frac{1}{1024} + \frac{1}{4096} + \dots = \frac{1}{3}$$

Lesson 1

## A-Level Pure Mathematics, Year 2 Geometric Progressions

1.1 How To Spot A Geometric Progression



Consider the sum

 $2 + 6 + 18 + 54 + 162 + \dots$ 

Explain why this series not an Arithmetic Progression

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[ 1 mark ]

Teaching Video : <u>http://www.NumberWonder.co.uk/v9077/1.mp4</u>



Observe that the terms are linked; each is three times the previous. This is the hallmark of a Geometric Progression. In this case it is said that the common ratio is 3

Expressed algebraically, a Geometric Progression is of the form

$$a, ar, ar^2, ar^3, ar^4, \dots$$

where *a* is the first term and *r* is the common ratio

Write down a formula for the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term,  $G_n$  of a Geometric Progression

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[ 1 mark ]

## 1.2 Example

The 5<sup>th</sup> term if a Geometric Progression is 567 and the 2<sup>nd</sup> term is 21

(i) What is the common ratio ?

[ 3 marks ]

(ii) Write out the first 6 terms of the Geometric Progression.

## [ 2 marks ]

(iii) Determine the exact value of the 20<sup>th</sup> term.

[2 marks]

#### 1.3 Exercise

Marks Available: 60

## **Question 1**

Write out the first five terms of the Geometric Progression with first term 8 and common ratio 1.5

## [ 2 marks ]

## **Question 2**

Write out the first five terms of the Geometric Progression with first term 8 and common ratio 0.5

## [ 2 marks ]

## **Question 3**

Write out the first five terms of the Geometric Progression with first term 3 and common ratio -2

[ 2 marks ]

Consider the following Geometric Progression;

0.3, 0.03, 0.003, 0.0003, ...

(i) State the value of the first term, a, and the value of the common ratio, r

[ 2 marks ]

The sum of this Geometric Progression has an infinite number of terms

 $0.3 + 0.03 + 0.003 + 0.0003 + \dots$ 

This infinite sum has a finite answer.

(ii) Give the exact value of this "sum to infinity"

## [ 2 marks ]

## **Question 5**

What is the exact value of the 20<sup>th</sup> term of the following Geometric Progression ?

5, 15, 45, 135, ...

#### [ 3 marks ]

#### **Question 6**

The 5<sup>th</sup> term of a Geometric Progression is 3750 and the 2<sup>nd</sup> term is 30

(i) What is the common ratio ?

#### [3 marks]

(ii) Write out the first 6 terms of the Geometric Progression.

[ 2 marks ]

(**iii**) Determine the exact value of the 12<sup>th</sup> term.

#### [ 2 marks ]

The  $6^{th}$  term of a Geometric Progression is 0.375 and the  $3^{rd}$  term is – 3

(**i**) What is the common ratio ?

[ 3 marks ]

(ii) Write out the first 6 terms of the Geometric Progression.

## [ 2 marks ]

(iii) Determine the exact value of the 20<sup>th</sup> term. Write your answer as a  $\frac{p}{q}$  fraction, for integer p and q

[ 2 marks ]

#### **Question 8**

For each of the following series state if the terms are in

- Arithmetic Progression
- Geometric Progression
- Neither Arithmetic nor Geometric Progression

(i) 
$$7+3-1-5-...$$

(ii) 
$$1+8+27+64+...$$

(iii) 
$$0.1^3 + 0.1^5 + 0.1^7 + 0.1^9 + \dots$$

$$(iv)$$
 3 - 1 +  $\frac{1}{3}$  -  $\frac{1}{9}$  + ...

$$(\mathbf{v})$$
 1 - 1 + 1 - 1 + 1 - 1 + ...

[5 marks]

Determine the value of this series which is in Geometric Progression, and expressed in sigma notation



[ 3 marks ]

#### **Question 10**

Determine the value of this series which is in Geometric Progression, and expressed in sigma notation

$$\sum_{1}^{5} 3 \times 2^{n}$$

[ 3 marks ]

## **Question 11**

If 3, x and 9 are the first three terms of a sequence in Geometric Progression, find (i) the possible exact values of x

[ 3 marks ]

(ii) the possible exact values of the  $4^{th}$  term.

[ 2 marks ]

The 7<sup>th</sup> term of a Geometric Progression is exactly 1.9487171

and the 3<sup>rd</sup> term is exactly 1.331

(i) What is the common ratio ?

[ 3 marks ]

(ii) Write out the first 6 terms of the Geometric Progression.

[ 2 marks ]

(iii) Express the sum of first 40 terms of this Geometric Progression in sigma notation.

[ 2 marks ]

## **Question 13**

A geometric sequence has first term 4 and third term 1

Find the two possible values of the 6<sup>th</sup> term.

[ 4 marks ]

The first three terms of a geometric sequence are given by

$$8 - x, \qquad 2x, \qquad x^2$$

respectively where x > 0

(i) Show that 
$$x^3 - 4x^2 = 0$$

[ 2 marks ]

(**ii**) Find the value of the  $20^{\text{th}}$  term.

[ 3 marks ]

(iii) State, with a reason, whether 4096 is a term in the sequence.

[1 mark]

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