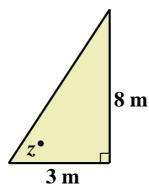
Calculator needed!

4.1 Opposite and Adjacent

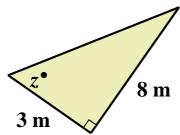
Nice example



Find the angle of the slope, z° , by using the formula;

$$z = \arctan\left(\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}\right)$$

Obviously the same problem



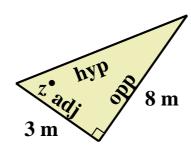
However, it does not seem right to call the 3 m Δx or the 8 m Δy .

HYPOTENUSE is the side which does not touch the *right-angle*.

OPPOSITE is the side which does not touch z° , the *angle-of-focus*.

ADJACENT is the side which touches the *right-angle* and also z° , the *angle-of-focus*. Thus;

$$z = \arctan\left(\frac{opp}{adj}\right)$$



4.2 Exercise

Question 1

On each of the following triangles add the following labels;

First hyp Look for the right-angle.

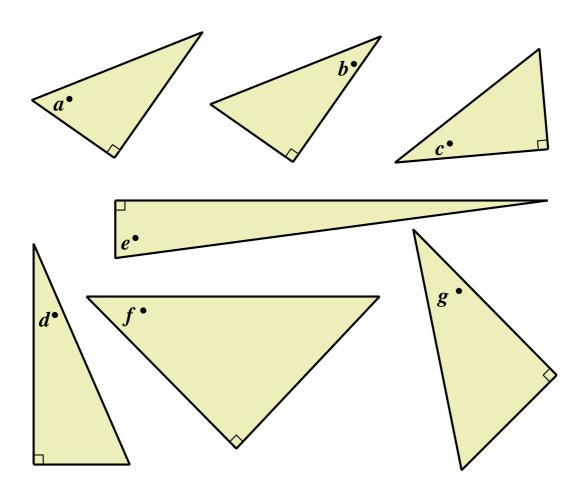
The *hypotenuse* does not touch the right-angle.

Second *opp* Look for the *angle-of-focus*.

The opposite does not touch the angle-of-focus.

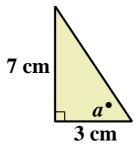
Third *adj* The *adjacent* touches both the *right-angle*

and the angle-of-focus.



- (i) Label the triangle's sides, hyp, opp and adj.
- (ii) Calculate angle a by using the formula;

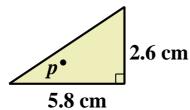
$$a = \arctan\left(\frac{opp}{adj}\right)$$



Question 3

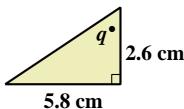
- (a) (i) Label the triangle's sides, hyp, opp and adj.
 - (ii) Calculate angle p by using the formula;

$$p = arctan\left(\frac{opp}{adj}\right)$$



- (**b**) (**i**) Label the triangle's sides, hyp, opp and adj.
 - (ii) Calculate angle q by using the formula;

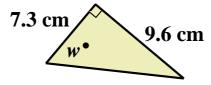
$$q = arctan\left(\frac{opp}{adj}\right)$$



- (c) (i) Calculate $p^{\circ} + q^{\circ}$
 - (ii) Explain how this checks that your answers are correct.

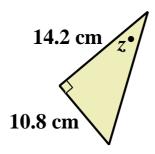
- (i) Label the triangle's sides, hyp, opp and adj.
- (ii) Calculate angle w by using the formula;

$$w = arctan\left(\frac{opp}{adj}\right)$$



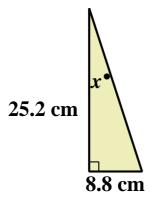
Question 5

- (i) Calculate angle z.
- (ii) Give your answer to one decimal place.

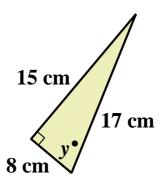


Question 6

- (\mathbf{i}) Calculate angle x.
- (ii) Give your answer to one decimal place.

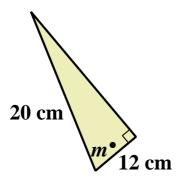


- (i) Calculate angle y.
- (ii) Give your answer to one decimal place.



Question 8

(i) Label the triangle's sides, hyp, opp and adj.



Pythagoras' theorem tells us that;

$$opp \stackrel{2}{=} hyp \stackrel{2}{-} adj \stackrel{2}{-}$$

- (ii) Use Pythagoras' theorem to calculate the length of *opp*.
- (iii) Calculate angle m by using the formula;

$$m = \arctan\left(\frac{opp}{adj}\right)$$

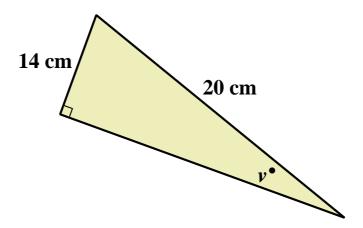
Question 9 10 cm 12 cm 24 cm

(i) Calculate angle *u*.

(ii) Calculate angle v.

(ii) Can you explain the connection between your answers?

(i) Label the triangle's sides, hyp, opp and adj.



Pythagoras' theorem tells us that;

$$adj^2 = hyp^2 - opp^2$$

- (ii) Use Pythagoras' theorem to calculate the length of adj.
- (iii) Calculate angle v by using the formula;

$$v = arctan\left(\frac{opp}{adj}\right)$$