### 2.1 Thinking Backwards

When 
$$y = \frac{(4 + 5x)^6}{6}$$
 is differentiated the result is
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6(4 + 5x)^5}{6} \times 5$$
 by the chain rule
$$= 5(4 + 5x)^5$$

When 
$$y = \frac{[f(x)]^{n+1}}{(n+1)}$$
 is differentiated the result is
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(n+1)[f(x)]^n}{(n+1)} \times f'(x) \text{ by the chain rule}$$

$$= f'(x)[f(x)]^n$$

By The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus,

#### The Chain Rule Backwards

$$\int f'(x) [f(x)]^n dx = \frac{[f(x)]^{n+1}}{(n+1)} + c \qquad n \neq -1$$

The two key consequences of this result are;

• Every time a new integration question is tackled, a mental scan must be made to see if it is in the form of a function raised to a power with the derivative of that function sitting in front.

In other words, watch out for  $f'(x) [f(x)]^n$ 

• An alertness needs to be maintained for situations in which the desired set up of  $f'(x) [f(x)]^n$  can be created by making use of a "fiddle factor". See example N° 2 and example N° 3.

### Example N° 1

Determine: 
$$\int 7 (7x + 2)^3 dx$$

[3 marks]

**Solution**: It is spotted that with  $f(x) = 7x + 2 \implies f'(x) = 7$  and that this situation is that of a chain rule backwards with n = 3

Thus, 
$$\int 7 (7x + 2)^3 dx = \frac{(7x + 2)^4}{4} + c$$

The teaching video will talk through Example  $N^{\circ}\,2$  and Example  $N^{\circ}\,3$ 

Teaching Video: <a href="http://www.NumberWonder.co.uk/v9045/2.mp4">http://www.NumberWonder.co.uk/v9045/2.mp4</a>



### Example N° 2

Determine: 
$$\int (3x + 1)^4 dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

Example  $N^{\circ}$  3

Determine: 
$$\int \frac{24}{(4x-2)^4} dx$$

#### 2.2 Exercise

Any solution based entirely on graphical or numerical methods is not acceptable

Marks Available: 50

In each question use The Chain Rule Backwards to perform the integration given. Most questions will require that a "fiddle factor" be introduced.

### **Question 1**

$$\int (3x + 2)^5 dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

### **Question 2**

$$\int (7x-3)^3 dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

### **Question 3**

$$60\int (4+5x)^3 dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

$$\int (3-2x)^5 dx$$

$$\int \left(7 - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^6 dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

**Question 6** 

$$18 \int \sqrt{1 + 4x} \, dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

$$\int \left(\frac{2x}{3} + 8\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{(2x-1)^4} \, dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

# **Question 9**

$$\int 6 \left(2x-1\right)^{-2} dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

$$\int \frac{6}{\sqrt{3x-1}} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{4(x+3)^2} dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

# **Question 12**

$$\int 14 (3 + 2x)^{-2} dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(1-2x\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

$$\int_{0}^{1} (4x + 1)^{4} dx$$

### [ 3 marks ]

### **Question 15**

$$\int_0^4 \sqrt{2x+1} \ dx$$

### [4 marks]

### **Question 16**

$$\int_{2}^{5} \frac{1}{(x-1)^{3}} \, dx$$

### [4 marks]