#### **6.1 Beyond The Power Function**

Suitable integrals, *I*, that can be determined by applying The Chain Rule Backwards have been spotted by identifying the key situation;

$$I = a \int f'(x) [f(x)]^n dx$$
 where n and a are constants

That power of n can be thought of as a function in its own right.

With  $g(x) = x^n$  another way of expressing what we've been looking for is;

$$I = a \int f'(x) g[f(n)]$$

There is no reason why function g has to be a power function; The Chain Rule Backwards can be wielded when g is other functions such as cos or sin

#### The Chain Rule Backwards

$$\int f'(x) [f(x)]^n dx = \frac{[f(x)]^{n+1}}{(n+1)} + c \qquad n \neq -1$$

$$\int f'(x) [f(x)]^{-1} dx = \ln|f(x)| + c \qquad \text{i.e. with } n = -1$$

$$\int f'(x) \cos[f(x)] dx = \sin[f(x)] + c$$

$$\int f'(x) \sin[f(x)] dx = -\cos[f(x)] + c$$

$$\int f'(x) e^{[f(x)]} dx = e^{[f(x)]} + c$$

### **Example**

Determine:  $\int 63 x^2 e^{7x^3} dx$ 

Teaching Video: <a href="http://www.NumberWonder.co.uk/v9045/6.mp4">http://www.NumberWonder.co.uk/v9045/6.mp4</a>



#### 6.2 Exercise

Any solution based entirely on graphical or numerical methods is not acceptable

Marks Available: 40

### **Question 1**

Determine 
$$\int 30x e^{5x^2} dx$$

[ 3 marks ]

### **Question 2**

Evaluate: 
$$\int_0^2 x^2 e^{x^3} dx$$

Give the answer to the nearest integer.

Determine: 
$$\int 100 x^3 \cos(6 + 5 x^4) dx$$

[4 marks]

# **Question 4**

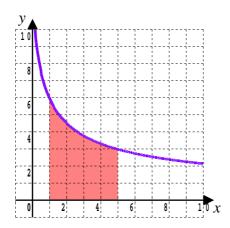
Determine: 
$$\int \frac{3}{2} x \sin(x^2) dx$$

[ 4 marks ]

# **Question 5**

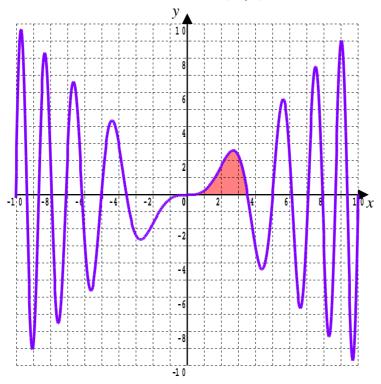
Determine : 
$$\int \frac{\cos(\sqrt{x})}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

The graph is of the function 
$$f(x) = \frac{12}{\sqrt{3x+1}}$$



Find the area shown shaded in the graph which is bound by the curve, the *x*-axis and the vertical lines x = 1 and x = 5

The graph is of the function,  $g(x) = x \sin\left(\frac{x^2}{4}\right)$ 



Find the exact area of the 'bump' shown shaded in the graph which is bounded by g(x), the x-axis and the lines x = 0 and  $x = 2\sqrt{\pi}$ 

$$f(x) = e^{\sqrt{x}}$$

(i) Find f'(x)

[2 marks]

(ii) Evaluate to 3 decimal places;

$$\int_{1}^{4} \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} \ dx$$

[ 5 marks ]