# Twenty-One Today NUMBER 3

Twenty-One short, sharp questions on all aspects of the Year 1 course You may use a calculator

#### **Question 1**

$$y = 4\sqrt{x}$$

Find the coordinates of the only point on this curve with a gradient of 8

#### **Question 2**

$$g(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 - x + 23$$

Find the remainder when g(x) is divided by (x + 2)

#### **Question 3**

Give the exact solution to the equation

$$ln(11x - 5) = 3$$

The distance between the points (-2, 10) and (x, 6) is  $\sqrt{65}$  Find the two possible values of x

#### **Question 5**

(i) Work out the value of the discriminant of

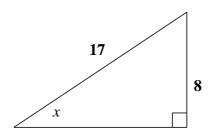
$$f(x) = x^2 + x + 2$$

(ii) What does your part (i) answer tell you about the number of roots of f(x)?

### **Question 6**

If  $\sin \theta = \frac{8}{17}$  state the exact value of  $\cos \theta$  and the exact value of  $\tan \theta$ 

HINT:



# **Question 7**

Simplify;

Differentiate, 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 9x}{3x^2}$$

**HINT**: Use the 'wedge' technique

# **Question 9**

Integrate, 
$$f(x) = \frac{x^4 + 5x^2}{x}$$

# **Question 10**

Solve over the interval  $0 \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$ 

$$2\cos(\theta) = \sqrt{3}$$

Given that the point A has position vector  $6\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}$  and the point B has position vector  $8\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j}$  find the vector,  $\overrightarrow{AB}$ 

### **Question 12**

Find the equation of the normal to the curve with equation  $y = 11 - 4\sqrt{x}$  at the point where x = 4

### **Question 13**

Expand the brackets,  $y = (3 - 2x)^3$ 

Solve the equation,  $log_3 x = -\frac{1}{2}$  leaving your answer as an exact value.

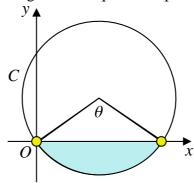
# **Question 15**

Solve the equation,  $log_7(y + 3) + log_7(2y + 1) = 1$ ,  $y \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $y > -\frac{1}{2}$ 

### **Question 16**

Solve the equation,  $9^x - 3^{x+1} - 18 = 0$ 

A sketch of a circle, C, along with its equation is presented below;



$$(x-3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 5^2$$

Find the coordinates of the two points where C crosses the x-axis.

#### **Question 18**

Considering further the circle, C, presented in Question 17, find, in degrees, the size of the angle marked  $\theta$ .

#### **Question 19**

Find the set of values of x for which

$$12 + 4x > x^2$$

Evaluate, 
$$f(x) = \int_1^2 \frac{24}{x^3} dx$$

### **Question 21**

Solve, for  $0 \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$ , the equation,  $2\cos^2\theta + \sin\theta - 1 = 0$