

## Lesson 4

### A-Level Pure Mathematics, Year 2 Geometric Progressions

#### 4.1 A Logarithm Surprise

There is a situation that routinely arise in questions about Geometric Progressions that requires an ability to use logarithms.

#### 4.2 Example

Sum the following series which is in geometric progression;

$$3 + 6 + 12 + 24 + \dots + 49152$$

Teaching Video : <http://www.NumberWonder.co.uk/v9077/4.mp4>



[ 4 marks ]

### 4.3 Exercise

Marks Available: 40

#### Question 1

What is the first term in the following geometric progression to exceed 1 million ?

2, 6, 18, 54, 162, ...

#### HINT :

This is about solving  $ar^{n-1} > 1\,000\,000$

[ 4 marks ]

#### Question 2

What is the first term in the following geometric progression to exceed 200 ?

0.4, 0.6, 0.9, 1.35, 2.025, ...

[ 4 marks ]

**Question 3**

Sum the following series which is in geometric progression;

$$19683 + 6561 + \dots + 1$$

[ 4 marks ]

**Question 4**

A population of rabbits is increasing at a rate of 35% per annum on a large and uninhabited island with lush vegetation.

At the start of 2011 there were 40 rabbits.

In what year will the rabbit population first exceed 1000 rabbits ?

**HINT :** Be careful about exactly what this question is asking.

[ 4 marks ]

**Question 5**

Sum the following series which is in geometric progression;

$$1 - 2 + 4 - 8 + 16 - 32 + \dots + 1073741824$$

**HINT :** To avoid  $\ln(-2)$  and a 'math error'...

$$(-2)^{n-1} = 1073741824$$

$$(-1)^{n-1} (2^{n-1}) = 1073741824$$

$$(-1)^{n-1} \text{ must equal } 1 \text{ and } n \text{ must be odd}$$

$$\therefore 2^{n-1} = 1073741824$$

[ 4 marks ]

**Question 6**

*C2 Examination Question, May 2006, Q9*

A geometric series has first term  $a$  and common ratio  $r$

The second term of the series is 4 and the sum to infinity of the series is 25

( a ) Show that

$$25r^2 - 25r + 4 = 0$$

[ 4 marks ]

( b ) Find the two possible values of  $r$

[ 2 marks ]

( c ) Find the corresponding two possible values of  $a$

[ 2 marks ]

( d ) Show that the sum,  $S_n$ , of the first  $n$  terms of the series is given by

$$S_n = 25(1 - r^n)$$

[ 1 mark ]

Given that  $r$  takes the larger of its two possible values,

( e ) find the smallest value of  $n$  for which  $S_n$  exceeds 24

[ 2 marks ]

### Question 7

*C2 Examination Question, June 2008, Q6*

A geometric series has first term 5 and common ratio  $\frac{4}{5}$

Calculate

( a ) the 20th term of the series, to 3 decimal places

[ 2 marks ]

( b ) the sum to infinity of the series

[ 2 marks ]

Given that the sum to  $k$  terms of the series is greater than 24.95

( c ) show that

$$k > \frac{\log 0.002}{\log 0.8}$$

[ 4 marks ]

( d ) find the smallest possible value of  $k$

[ 1 mark ]

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Teachers may obtain detailed worked solutions to the exercises by email from [MHHShrewsbury@Gmail.com](mailto:MHHShrewsbury@Gmail.com)